BRONX COMMUNITY COLLEGE of the City University of New York

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND COMPUTER SCIENCE

MATH 06 Nikos Apostolakis Exam 1 March 10, 2011

Name: ____

Directions: Write your answers in the provided booklets. Make sure to indicate which answer belongs to which question. To get full credit you *must* show all your work. Simplify your answers whenever possible. Be certain to indicate your final answer clearly. **Each problem is worth** 5 **points**

- 1. Solve: $x^2 2x + 2 = 0$
- 2. In a triangle ABC we have $A = 90^{\circ}$, $a = \sqrt{15}$, and $b = \sqrt{7}$. Find c.
- 3. One leg of a right triangle is 5 cm and the hypotenuse is 10 cm. Find the angles of the triangle.
- 4. The sum of the lengths of the legs of a right triangle is 4 cm. The hypotenuse is $3\sqrt{2}$ cm long. Find the lengths of the two legs.
- 5. Simplify: $2\sqrt{63} + 2\sqrt{28} \sqrt{700}$
- 6. Simplify: $(\sqrt{6} 5)(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})$
- 7. Simplify: $49 12\sqrt{5} (2 3\sqrt{5})^2$

8. Simplify, assuming all variables represent positive numbers: $\sqrt{\frac{12x^7y^2}{25z^4}}$

- 9. Solve: $\sqrt{x+4} 2x = -7$
- 10. Solve: $\sqrt{x+6} + \sqrt{7-x} = 5$
- 11. Simplify assuming all variables represent positive numbers. The answer should contain only positive integers as exponents.

$$\left(\frac{x^{-6}y^4}{z^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

12. Multiply. Express your answer in the form a + bi where a and b are real numbers.

$$(5-3i)(4+2i)$$

- 13. Evaluate $\frac{z^2 z 5}{z}$ when z = 1 2i. Express your answer in the form a + bi where a and b are real numbers.
- 14. Find the area of the following triangle. Give an *exact* answer.



15. The angle of depression of a ship observed from the window of a lighthouse 150 ft above the sea level is 4°. How far is the ship?

- 16. Evaluate (give *exact* answer): $\frac{\cot 30^{\circ}}{2 \tan 60^{\circ}}$
- 17. Find the sine, cosine, tangent, and cotangent of 1680° . Give *exact* answers.
- 18. Find the sine, cosine, tangent, and cotangent of -45° . Give *exact* answers.
- 19. For an acute angle θ we have $\tan \theta = \frac{3}{4}$. Find $\cos \theta$.
- 20. Find the length r and the angle θ .



Table of trigonometric values

θ	$\sin heta$	$\cos heta$	an heta	$\cot heta$
0°	0	1	0	und
30°	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$	$\sqrt{3}$
45°	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	1	1
60°	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\sqrt{3}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$
90°	1	0	und	0