## Homework on Polynomial Functions I

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Please note: You should fully justify your answers.

1. Sketch a rough graph for each of the following polynomial functions. The graph should correctly reflect the end behavior, the behavior near $x$-intercepts and the number of turning points. The $y$-intercept should also be correctly marked.
(a) $f(x)=x(x+3)(x+2)(x-1)(x-2)$
(b) $g(x)=(x-1)^{2}(x+2)(x-3)$
(c) $h(x)=(2 x+3)(x-1)(3 x-2)$
(d) $f(x)=(2 x+1)^{3}(x-2)^{4}$
(e) $g(x)=(x+1)(x-1)^{2}(x-2)^{2}$
2. For each of graphs in Figure 1, give a polynomial function whose graph has that qualitative behavior. Your answer should be in expanded and simplified form, for example, don't give your answer as $f(x)=(x-1)(x+1)$ but as $f(x)=x^{2}-1$ instead.




Figure 1: The graphs of Question 2
3. Solve the following inequalities. Give your answer using interval notation.
(a) $(x-1)(x+3)(x-4) \geq 0$
(b) $(x+2)^{2}(3-x)(x-1)^{3}>0$
(c) $(x-7)(2 x+4)^{4}(x+3)(x-4) \leq 0$
(d) $(x-4)(x+3)^{2}(x-2)^{3}(x+1)^{4}<0$
4. Use SAGE to solve the following inequalities by graphing appropriate functions:
(a) $x^{3}-6 x^{2}+12 x-8 \geq 0$
(b) $x^{4}-x^{3}-5 x^{2}-x-6<0$
(c) $\frac{x-3}{x+4}>0$
(d) $\frac{x^{2}-4}{x^{3}-27} \leq 0$
5. Given that $x=5$ is a solution to the following equation

$$
x^{3}-7 x^{2}+15 x-25=0
$$

find all solutions.
6. Given that $x=-2$ is a solution to the following equation:

$$
x^{4}-5 x^{3}+x^{2}+5 x-50=0
$$

solve the equation completely.
7. $x=3$ is a solution to the equation

$$
x^{3}-9 x^{2}+27 x-27=0
$$

Solve the equation completely.
8. Given that $x^{2}+1$ is a factor of the polynomial $x^{4}+x^{3}-2 x^{2}+4 x-24$ solve the following equation:

$$
x^{4}+x^{3}-2 x^{2}+4 x-24=0
$$

9. One of the numbers $1,-2,3,4$ is a solution to the equation

$$
x^{3}-3 x^{2}-10 x+24=0
$$

Solve the equation.
10. Find a cubic polynomial with zeros at $x=-1, x=3$ and $x=2$.
11. Find a fourth degree polynomial with real coefficients and zeros at $x=3 i, x=2$, and $x=0$.

